

If

$$f(x) = (\sin^{-1}(4x + 3))^3,$$

then $f'(x) =$.

Note: The inverse of $\sin(x)$ can be entered as $\arcsin(x)$ or $\text{asin}(x)$.

If

$$f(x) = (\sin^{-1}(4x + 3))^3,$$

then $f'(x) =$ $12(\sin^{-1}(4x + 3))^2 / \sqrt{1 - (4x + 3)^2}$

Note: The inverse of $\sin(x)$ can be entered as $\arcsin(x)$ or $\text{asin}(x)$.